Newport Mercury.

[1 *Dol.* 50 *Cts.* per Ann.] TUESDAY, MARCH 11, 1800. [No. 1978.]

NEWPORT *(Rhode-Island)* Published by HENRY BARBER, near the State-House.

Warranted GARDEN SEEDS
SOLD BY
JAMES CENTER,
At his Shop opposite Gen. MARTIN's,

Peas:
EARLY Frame; golden Hotspur; green Prussian; and dwarf Marrowfat.

Turnip Seed:
Early Dutch; green Top; Dedham and French Ditto.

Radish Seed:
Salmon & short Top.

Cabbage Seed:
Early May; Dutch; Sugarloaf; Battersea; Drum Head; red Dutch; green and yellow Savoy; Cauliflower & Cale.

Onion Seed:
Silver-Skin; large Portugal & Concord.

Lettuce Seed:
Selisia; Tennisball; Marble-Cose and Grand-Admiral.

Cellery Seed:
Norths large; solid; and Italian.

Cucumber Seed:
Cluster; early; long green.

Sweet Marjorum; Thyme; Sage; Summer-Savory; Parsley; curl'd Endive; & Nasturtium.

Beets; Carrots; Parsnips; Pole & Bush Beans; Bush and long Neck Squash.

Newport, March 3, 1800.

FOR SALE,

A very convenient Dwelling-House, in Newtown, having Four Rooms on a Floor with Two Wash-Rooms, and a good Cellar under the Whole; also the Lot on which said House stands, being 50 by 100 Feet, free from Quit-Rent. —Apply to OLIVER READ.
Newport, March 3, 1800.

FOR SALE,
A VESSEL nearly One Hundred Tons, now on the Stocks at Fall-River, built of the best of White-Oak Timber and Plank,—any Gentleman that wishes to Purchase may get further Information by inquiring of Mr. THOMAS BORDEN, the Owner of the Yard.
Freetown, February 8th, 1800.

WANTED TO PURCHASE,
For which ready Money will be given,
A Small FARM, from 20 to 100 Acres, with a comfortable House on it, within One or Five Miles of the Town of Newport.——Any Person having such a Place to dispose of, may hear of a Purchaser by applying to the Printer.
Newport, March 3, 1800.

All Persons having Demands against the Estate of Dr. *ISAAC SENTER*, late of Newport, deceased, are desired to exhibit the same for Settlement; and all those indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate Payment to
ELIZABETH SENTER, *Administratrix.*
Newport, Jan. 13, 1800.

All Persons having Demands against the Estate of SAMUEL SNELL, late of Little-Compton, Mariner, deceased, are desired to exhibit the same for Settlement; and all those indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate Payment to
KEZIAH SNELL, *Administratrix.*
Little-Compton, 3d March, 1800.

The Subscribers being duly appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate for the Town of Little-Compton, Commissioners to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Estate of *ABIGAIL HART*, late of Little-Compton, deceased, represented Insolvent; hereby give Notice to said Creditors, to bring in their Claims to us, within Six Months from the Date hereof, that being the Time allowed by said Court for receiving the same. Attendance will be given for the above Purpose, at our respective Dwellings, any Time within the above Period.

DAVID STODDARD, } *Commis-*
JOSEPH GIFFORD, } *sioners.*

All Persons indebted to the above Estate are requested to make immediate Payment to *STEPHEN TABOR, Admin'st.*
Little-Compton, Feb. 27, 1800.

Kitchen & Flower-Garden SEEDS.

Just imported from *LONDON*, by the Ship Sarah, via New-York,
A large Assortment of English GARDEN SEEDS, warranted to be of the last Year's Growth, and have every Appearance of being genuine, for Sale, by
MARY DUNBAR,
Opposite Mr. GEORGE GIBBS's,

Peas:
Early Turner.
Early Frame.
Green Marrowfat.
Dwarf Ditto.
Spanish Dwarf.

Beans:
Windsor.
Large white Runners.
Large white Bush.
White Six Weeks Do.

Cabbage:
Early May.
Early Yorkshire.
Early Sugarloaf.
Early Cauliflower.
Large Battersea.
Large Red.
Dutch Do.
Green Savoy.
Yellow Do.
White Brocoli.
Purple Do.
Scotch Cale.

Lettuce:
Grand-Admiral.
Selisia.
Early Frame Cabbage.
Roman Cabbage.

Radish:
Early short Top.
Purple Salmon.
Scarlet.
White.
Red Turnip rooted.
Sweet Marjoram.
Summer Savory.
Thyme.
Balm.
Hyssop.

Green curl'd Endive
Broad-leav'd Spinage
Broad-leav'd Cress.
Curl'd-leav'd Do.
Nasturtium.
White Mustard.
Early Dutch Turnip.
White round Do.
Scarlet Onion.
White Ditto.
Scarlet Beet.
Orange Carrot.
Large Parsnip.
Early Frame Cucumber.
Long prickly Do.
Small early Cantelope.
Early Orange Do.
Early white Do.

Annual Flowers:
Scarlet 10 Weeks Stock.
Purple Do.
Scarlet Wall-Leaf Do.
Ice-Plant.
Egg-Plant.
Dwarf red Cockscomb.
Yellow-flower'd Do.
Spanish Nigella.
Belvedore or Summer Cypress.
Superb After.
Double-strip'd Do.
Bonnet Do.
Quill'd Do.
Chinese Pink.

Perennial Flowers:
Carnation.
Pheasant-ey'd Pink.

Also an Assortment of American Seeds. Those who send their Orders, are requested to Notice, whether they wish English or American Seeds, and they shall be sent accordingly.
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BENJAMIN HILL
Respectfully informs his old Customers and the Public in general, that he has opened a Store next Northward of Messrs. Gibbs & Channing's, where he has
AN Assortment of WEST-INDIA GOODS, cheap for Cash.
He also continues his BAKING BUSINESS as usual, on the Wharf below his House—where any Merchant or Captain of Vessel may be supplied with any Quantity of Ship or Pilot Bread, or Crackers, at the shortest Notice.

Just received, by the Ship Semiramis, Capt. Jacob Smith, from Canton.

GUNPOWDER
Hyson
Souchong
Bohea
} Teas, per Chest or smaller Quantity.
Tea Cadies.
Waiters.
Boglipores.
Fans, Umbrellas, &c. &c.
And for Sale, by
JOHN C. SCOTT.
Newport, June 25, 1799.

FRESH RAISINS.
A few Casks for Sale, by
NATHAN B. MILLER.
December 10, 1799.

Mr. BARBER,

You are requested to publish the enclosed extract from an Oration, delivered by COLLIN, *a French Citizen, in the Lodge of La Verite, at Cape Francois——a translation of which Oration has been received from Captain Perry, of the General Greene Frigate, by* A. ——.

WORSHIPFUL MASTER, SENIOR & JUNIOR WARDENS, & YOU MY BRETHREN,

THE subject on which I am about to speak is grand and sublime, it is the key-stone of the Arch of the Universe —I request your kindest attention.

The grand basis on which all societies rest should be that of Religion—There are no people extant who do not honor the Supreme Being either by worship or sacrifices—The Suprume Author of Nature is known under a thousand forms—under a thousand different names—in all which he is acknowledged Master of the Universe.

The original inhabitants of this island, our predecessors, as well as those of the vast neighbouring continent, adored the Sun, and confessed him their Creator and Preserver whom they feared to offend, and their respectful fear of him, in an unfortunate circumstance, accelerated their ruin.

The Pagans, such as the Grecians and the Romans, acknowledged besides the Fatune which they adored, thirty-thousand Gods.

The Egyptians had their Minevis, their Apis, and their Onuphis—The Ethiopeans their Cynophagus of every kind—The Indian his Fetiches—The Thibet his grand Lama—The Chinese his Idol Foh—in fine, all nature; all nations—have had their Gods and their Altars!

Such as have not enjoyed revealed Religion, created in their fancy erroneous Gods, but this error, not as to the existence, but as to the nature of God indubitably proves that all recognized a Supreme Head.—Hence the necessity of Worship is acknowledged by the unanimous consent of all nations.

The Worship rendered to the Almighty, has often been unworthy the people of whom I have been speaking, they disfigured the Image of the Divinity, for when prostrated at the foot of an Idol they imagined they adored the true God.

Faith, Hope and Charity, was the device on their Banners—I will not enlarge on Mystical Religion, I will address you as a Mason—in fine, I will speak to you from the dictates of my heart, divested of every reason but that of truth and the honor of the Temple, whereof I am, together with you all, One of the Votaries.

The first step I have to take is to acknowledge a Supreme Being, the Prime Mover, the Creator, the Preserver of all Mankind. If any one doubts of his necessary existence, let him open his eyes to the magnificent spectacle of Universal Nature—let him cast his looks on the rich magnificence of the Heavens—let his imagination descend to the abyss of the seas—let him, in fine, look into himself, and always, yes always, and every where GOD is present.——The proud and vain-glorious Atheist asks me, Who is God? Who has seen him? - - - - - - You call for testimonies of his existence of which you doubt - - - - - - - - The Heavens! the Earth! and the Seas!—these are my witnesses.—What other Arm than that of the Almighty could poise these immense Globes, one of which governs the Day and the other the Night?—What Arm I say can suspend over our Heads those numerous Stars, which are probably so many Worlds; O Heaven! O Earth! and thou O Sun! whose vivifying Virtues surpass my expression, and thou O Planet of the Night! and thou O Night thyself! what Grandeur! what Majesty! who can be your Creator but GOD!

Yes, the Heavens announce the Existence and the Glory of God. *Cæli enarant Gloriam Dei*—he is the Architect of the Sky, the firmament is the work of his hands—*firmamentum opera Manuum Ejus*, perhaps Brethren, I should stop here; I have given you sufficient proofs of the Existence of the Sublime Creator of the Universe, but attend a moment longer, listen to the words of a prophane Author and of great weight; It is Plutarch I mean—This Pagan writer undertook the task that I have this day embraced, but he spoke to disbelievers—I speak to my brethren, believers in common with me—search, said he, all nations; all civilized people of various tongues—You may find Countries without Kings; Cities without walls and theatres; but you never find any without God, and without sacrifices —in order to promote good and prevent evil.

If some nations have adored what was most vile and barbarous in the Creation, it was because they believed that which they adored possessed something super-natural—Cannot you then believe, since others have believed?

That which all the Universe believes, the Society of Masons professes—It is not sufficient for us my Brethren to *profess* the religion of our forefathers, we ought, moreover to follow the precepts and examples which they have handed down to us; finally we ought to practice those Virtues which flow from Religion.

The divine Author of that Religion which we profess, said, "love ye one another, this is the Law and the Prophets"—The Author of the Order of Masonry has prescribed to us Faith, Hope, and Charity, which is to serve God, love your neighbour, and wait in peace for the recompence of your good works.

We have, my Brethren, to deplore the loss of our Brother, GEORGE WASHINGTON—let us strew flowers around his tomb—*Columbia* mourns her *Washington*, her *General*, her *all*.—Death, inexorable Death, has summoned him from the bosom of his virtuous family, has torn him from his relatives, his country, and from this world; the goodness of his constitution and his inimitable sobriety gave us to hope that he would continue for a long time yet, to be the Defender and Guardian Angel of his Country —but alas! the fatal hour has arrived—neither the lamentations of his beloved spouse, nor the tears of his friends, relatives and fellow-citizens; neither his talents nor his virtues could intercede with Heaven; he has sunk into the tomb—The prayers and entreaties of United America are unavailing —three days indisposition have deprived the world of this great man; his eminent virtues had blunted the shafts of envy, but not the sting of Death!

A mournful cry resounds thro' the Continent and even reaches us—GEORGE WASHINGTON is no more! his body reposes in the silent tomb—but his memory will live coequal with eternity—his immortal soul rests in the bosom of his Creator—he has already received the eternal crown, the reward of all his virtues.

WASHINGTON was the defender of his Country, he created its Army, and conducted it, amidst numberless dangers, to the glorious Peace which secured its Independence—his name was the terror of his enemies—his vigilance disconcerted all their plans, and when they thought he was tasting like them the sweets of repose—he vanquished—he saved his country.—WASHINGTON was terrible in war to his enemies—in peace he was an husbandman.—GEORGE WASHINGTON was a Mason, his name and the transcendency of his virtues protected Masonry throughout the United States—he possessed all the qualities of a Mason—then let his virtues be a model—let not the memory of an illustrious name be lost to us—let us endeavour to imitate him.

If, like him, we are not heroes in the field—let us like him, be the heroes and partizans of humanity—let Soldiers imitate his warlike deeds, and Masons his zeal for our order and his civil virtues—let us not shed fruitless tears over his tomb—let us study his life and copy his actions—a great man is an example for the world, he belongs to all Countries—he dies, but his fame lives forever.

O WASHINGTON! may thy virtuous example be planted in the hearts of thy Brother Masons.

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A House and Lot in Broad-street, with a Stable, Chaise-House, &c. belonging thereto.—The House is in good Repair, has a good Well of Water, and the Lot on which it stands is bounded on Two Streets.—Apply to ISRAEL AMBROSE.
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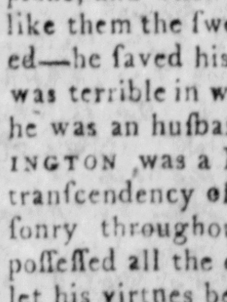
FOR SALE,



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State of Rhode-Island and Providence Plantations.

In General Assembly, February Session, A. D. 1800.

An Act to establish free Schools.

WHEREAS the unexampled prosperity, unanimity and liberty, for the enjoyment of which this nation is eminently distinguished among the nations of the earth, is to be ascribed, next to the blessing of God, to the general diffusion of knowledge and information among the people, whereby they have been enabled to discern their true interests, to distinguish truth from error, to place their confidence in the true friends of the country, and to detect the falsehoods and misrepresentations of factious and crafty pretenders to patriotism; and this General Assembly being desirous to secure the continuance of the blessings aforesaid, and moreover to contribute to the greater equality of the people, by the common and joint instruction and education of the whole:

Sect. 1. *BE it enacted by the General Assembly, and by the authority thereof it is hereby enacted*, That each and every town in the State, shall annually cause to be established and kept, at the expence of such town, one or more free schools, for the instruction of all the white inhabitants of said town, between the ages of six and twenty years, in reading, writing and common arithmetic, who may stand in need of such instruction, and apply therefor.

Sect. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be the duty of the Town-Council of every town, to divide said town into so many school districts, as they shall judge necessary and convenient.

Sect. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That each of the towns of Newport and Providence, shall cause to be established and kept, every year, so many free schools, and for such terms of time, as shall be equivalent to keeping three such schools eight months each: That each of the towns of South-Kingstown, Glocester and Smithfield, shall cause to be established and kept, every year, so many free schools as shall be equivalent to keeping three such schools six months each: That each of the towns of Portsmouth, Tiverton, Little-Compton, Scituate, Cumberland, Cranston, Johnston, Foster, Westerly, North-Kingstown, Charlestown, Exeter, Richmond, Hopkinton, Bristol, Warwick, East-Greenwich, West-Greenwich and Coventry, shall cause to be established and kept, in every year, so many free schools as shall be equivalent to keeping three such schools four months each; and that the towns of Middletown, Jamestown, New-Shoreham, North-Providence, Warren and Barrington, shall cause to be established and kept, in every year, so many free schools as shall be equivalent to keeping one such school four months.

Sect. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That for the encouragement of institutions so useful, there shall be allowed and paid to the Town-Treasurer of each town, or his order, out of the General-Treasury, at the end of every year, computing from the first Wednesday of May next, twenty per cent. of the amount of the State taxes of the preceding year, paid into the General-Treasury by said town; provided the said sum or allowance of twenty per cent. shall not exceed, in the whole, the sum of six thousand dollars in any one year. And the town making application to the General-Treasurer for said allowance, shall exhibit and deliver to him a certificate, signed by the Town-Council, Town-Treasurer, and schoolmaster or schoolmasters of such town, that a school or schools have been established and kept in said town, according to the provisions of this act, and specifying the number of schools, and the term of time for which each school shall have been kept.

Sect. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the allowances aforesaid, when paid to the Town-Treasurers, shall be and remain exclusively appropriated to the establishment and support of free schools, and shall be paid out under the orders of the several Town-Councils, for the benefit of the school or schools which shall be kept in the districts established by them as aforesaid, in proportion to the number of persons in the several districts entitled to instruction in the said schools by virtue of this act.

Sect. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That if any town shall neglect or refuse to establish and keep free schools, in the manner prescribed in this act, such town shall forfeit all right or claim to the allowance aforesaid, for the year in which such neglect or refusal shall happen, and the said forfeited allowances shall make and constitute a part of the unappropriated monies in the General-Treasury; and that all certificates for obtaining said allowances shall be presented to the General-Treasurer, within six months after the expiration of the year within which the said allowances shall have become due, or the same shall be forfeited, as last aforesaid.

Sect. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That the General-Treasurer shall annually make a report to the General Assembly of the operation and execution of this act, accompanied with copies of the certificates aforesaid, and an account of the allowances paid thereon.

Sect. 8. *And be it further enacted*, That if any school district, in any town, shall think fit to keep a school in said district for a longer time than the town shall provide for the same, or to erect a school-house, or to enlarge, ornament, or repair any already erected, it shall and may be lawful for any seven freemen of such school district, to make application to any Justice of the Peace in the town for a warrant, for calling a meeting of the freemen of such district, and the said Justice shall thereupon grant such warrant, directed to the Town-Sergeant and Constables of said town, to warn the freemen of said district to assemble at a proper time and place, to be prescribed in said warrant, to take into consideration the subjects therein mentioned; and the said warrant being first served, in the manner in which warrants for calling town-meetings are served in said town, the freemen of said district (any seven of whom shall be a quorum) shall and may assemble and appoint a Clerk, Treasurer, Collector, and such other officers and committees as occasion may require, and order and assess such taxes on the inhabitants of said district, to be assessed in the proportions of the last town tax, as they may think necessary for the purposes aforesaid, which taxes shall be collected by warrant from the Clerk of said school district, directed to the district Collector, and shall be levied and collected in the same manner, and under the same laws and regulations, as town taxes, and shall be appropriated to the uses aforesaid, according to the votes and orders of the said school district meetings; and the freemen of said district, assembled as aforesaid, shall and may make such other lawful orders and regulations, relative to the continuance and support of their district schools, as to them may appear useful, and that any other meetings of such freemen shall and may be called by their Clerk, by warrant, on request of any seven of said freemen, and the meetings so called shall and may have and exercise the powers and privileges aforesaid.

Sect. 9. *And be it further enacted*, That no person shall established or direct, as master or preceptor, any school or academy of instruction, established by virtue of this act, unless he shall be a native or naturalized citizen of the United States, and be approved of by a certificate in writing from the Town-Council of the town in which he shall teach.

Sect. 10. *And be it further enacted*, That the Town Councils of the several towns shall have the government of the town and district schools, in their respective towns.

Sect. 11. *And be it further enacted*, That this act shall take effect and be in force from and after the first Wednesday of May next, and shall be published in all the news-papers in this State.

A true copy:
Witness,
SAMUEL EDDY, *Sec'ry.*

State of Rhode-Island & Providence-Plantations.

In General Assembly, *February Session, A. D.* 1800.

An Act, in Amendment of an Act, entitled "An Act directing the Times and Places of holding the Terms of the Supreme Judicial Court, and the Courts of Common Pleas and General Sessions of the Peace, within this State."

BE it Enacted by the General Assembly, and by the Authority thereof it is Enacted, That the Terms of the Courts of Common Pleas and General Sessions of the Peace for the County of Newport, shall be annually holden, in and for said County, at Newport, on the third Monday of May and on the first Monday of November; and that so much of the Act aforesaid, as provides that the November Term of said Courts shall be holden on the second Monday of November annually, be and the same is hereby repealed.

A true Copy: Witness,
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Congress

OF THE

UNITED STATES.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Thursday, February 20.

A Message was received from the President of the United States, by his Secretary Mr. Shaw, informing the House, that the President did this day approve and sign the act intitled "An act to suspend in part an act intituled an act to augment the army of the United States, and for other purposes," which originated in this House.

The bill intituled "An act further to suspend the Commercial Intercourse between the United States and France, and the dependencies thereof," was read a third time, and upon the question *shall this bill pass?*

Mr. Randolph called the yeas and nays, which were agreed to be taken.

Messrs. Macon, Eggleston and Nicholas, spoke against the passing of the bill—and Messrs. Marshall, Gallatin and Shepherd, in favour of it;—after a long debate, the question was taken as follows:—Affirmative, 68—Negative, 28.

Mr. Livingston submitted to the House the following resolutions, viz.

Resolved, that it appears to this House, That a person calling himself Jonathan Robbins, and claiming to be a citizen of the United States, impressed on board a British ship of war, was committed for trial in one of the Courts of the United States, for the alledged crime of piracy and murder committed on the high seas, on board the British frigate Hermione.—That a requisition being subsequent to such commitment made by the British minister to the Executive of the United States, for the delivery of the said person (under the name of Thomas Nash) as a fugitive under the 27th article of the treaty with Great-Britain. The President of the United States did by a letter written from the department of state, to the judge who committed the said person for trial, officially declare his opinion to the said judge that he "considered an offence committed on board a public ship of war on the high seas to have been committed within the jurisdiction of the nation to which the ship belongs;" and in consequence of such opinion and construction, did advise and request the said judge to deliver up the person so claimed, to the agent of Great-Britain, who should appear to receive him, provided only that the stipulated evidence of his criminality should be produced. That in compliance with such advice and request of the President of the United States, the said person so committed for trial, was by the judge of the district court of South-Carolina, without any presentment or trial by Jury, or any investigation of his claim to be a citizen of the United States, delivered up to an officer of his Britannic Majesty, and afterwards tried by a court martial and executed on a charge of mutiny and murder.

Resolved, That inasmuch as the constitution of the United States, declares that the judiciary power, shall extend to all questions arising under the constitution, laws and treaties of the United States, and to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction, and also that the trial of all crimes except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury, and such trial shall be held in the state where such crime shall have been committed, but when not committed within any state, then at such place or places as Congress may by law have directed. And inasmuch as it is directed by law, that the offence of murder committed on the high seas shall be deemed to be piracy and murder, and that "the trial of all crimes committed on the high seas, or in any part out of the jurisdiction of any particular state, shall be in the district where the offender is apprehended, or into which he may be first brought." Therefore the several questions whether the alledged crime of piracy and murder, was committed within the exclusive jurisdiction of Great-Britain, whether it comes within the purview of the said twenty-seventh article?—And whether a person stating that he was an American citizen, and had committed the act of which he was accused, in attempting to regain his liberty from illegal imprisonment ought to be delivered up, without any investigation of his claim to citizenship, or inquiring into the facts alledged in his defence, are all matters exclusively of judicial inquiry, as arising from treaties, laws, constitutional provisions, and cases of admiralty, and maritime jurisdiction.

That the decision of those questions by the President of the United States against the jurisdiction of the courts of the United States, in a case where those courts had already assumed and exercised jurisdiction, by his advice and request, to the judge of the district court, that the person thus charged should be delivered up, provided only such evidence of his criminality, should be produced as would justify his apprehension and commitment for trial, are a dangerous interference of the executive with judicial decisions, and that the compliance with such advice and request, on the part of the judge of the district court of South-Carolina, is a sacrifice of the constitutional independence of the judicial power, and exposes the administration thereof to suspicion and reproach.

Mr. L. moved that these resolutions be referred to the committee of the whole House to whom was committed the message of the President relative to Thomas Nash—which was agreed to, 55 members rising in favour of it.

Adjourned.

Friday, February 21.

Mr. Harper from the Committee of Ways and Means, made report on the subject of a Loan for the support of Government for the year 1800, and submitted a resolution, that it was expedient to authorise the President to borrow a sum not exceeding 3,000,000 dollars, reimbursable in any period within 15 years. The report was read a first and second time, and committed to a committee of the whole House on Monday next.

The House took up the report of the Committee of Commerce and Manufactures, on the amendments of the Senate to the bill providing for salvage in case of re-capture, and concurred therein.

A message was received from the Senate by Mr. Otis, their Secretary informing the House that the Senate had passed the bill intuitled "An act in addition to the act intitled An act for regulating the grants of lands for Military Services, and for the Society of the United Brethren for propagating the Gospel among the Heathens"—with sundry amendments.

The bill and amendments were read and referred to a Select Committee who reported it.

Mr. Harper, from the Committee appointed for that purpose, having obtained leave, reported a bill to extend the privilege of obtaining patents for useful discoveries and inventions, to certain persons therein mentioned, and to enlarge and define the privileges of patentees—which was read and committed to a Committee of the whole House.

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From the Albany Centinel.

IN contemplating the great virtues and excellence of Washington, I could find no character in history comparable with his, but that of Alfred the Great, the founder of the English monarchy. On the comparison it appeared as if the notion of Pythagoras was, in this instance, confirmed, and that Alfred and Washington had one and the same soul. Hume gives the following account of Alfred.

"The merit of this Prince both in private and public life, may with advantage be set in opposition to any monarch or citizen, which the annals of any age or nation can present to us. He seems indeed, to be the model of that perfect character, which under the denomination of a sage or wise man, philosophers have been fond of delineating, rather as a fiction of their imagination, than in hopes of ever seeing it really existing: So happily were all his virtues tempered together; so justly were they blended; and so powerfully did each prevent the other from exceeding its proper boundaries! He knew how to reconcile the most enterprizing spirit with the coolest moderation; the most obstinate perseverance with the easiest flexibility; the most severe justice with the greatest lenity; the greatest vigor in commanding with the most perfect affability of deportment; the highest capacity and inclination for science, with the most shining talents for action. His civil and his military virtues are almost equally the objects of our admiration; excepting only, that the former being more rare among Princes, as well as more useful, seem chiefly to challenge our applause. Nature also, as if desirous that so bright a production of her skill should be set in the fairest light, had bestowed on him every bodily accomplishment, vigor of limb, dignity of shape and air, with a pleasing, engaging, and open countenance."

Can language furnish a more just panegyric on Washington? A. Z.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 24.

Saturday last being the day appointed by Congress for a general mourning, was observed in this city, according to the resolution of that body, by orations, eulogies, prayers, processions, &c.

General Macpherson's legion of volunteer troops in the service of the United States, was paraded and marched to the German church in Fourth-street, having been joined in procession by the Order of Cincinnati, and the Officers of the Navy and Army.

Here, after a prayer by the Rev. Doctor Rogers, an Oration was delivered at the appointment of the Cincinnati, by Major W. Jackson, a member of that society.

A pertinent Oration, was very eloquently pronounced in the afternoon, before the *Washington Society*, (a juvenile association) by Master Jonathan Meredith, jun.

Major Jackson's oration occupied an hour and twenty minutes in the delivery. The President of the United States, the Vice-President, Members of the Senate, and Members of the House of Representatives; His Excellency Robert Liston, Esq; Minister Plenipotentiary of His Britannic Majesty, and several other gentlemen of the Diplomatic Corps, honored the occasion with their presence.

A very numerous audience testified the most lively evidences of admiration and ap-

State of Rhode-Island and Providence Plantations.

In General Assembly, February Session, A. D. 1800.

An Act to establish free Schools.

WHEREAS the unexampled prosperity, unanimity and liberty, for the enjoyment of which this nation is eminently distinguished among the nations of the earth, is to be ascribed, next to the blessing of God, to the general diffusion of knowledge and information among the people, whereby they have been enabled to discern their true interests, to distinguish truth from error, to place their confidence in the true friends of the country, and to detect the falsehoods and misrepresentations of factious and crafty pretenders to patriotism; and this General Assembly being desirous to secure the continuance of the blessings aforesaid, and moreover to contribute to the greater equality of the people, by the common and joint instruction and education of the whole:

Sect. 1. *BE it enacted by the General Assembly, and by the authority thereof it is hereby enacted*, That each and every town in the State, shall annually cause to be established and kept, at the expence of such town, one or more free schools, for the instruction of all the white inhabitants of said town, between the ages of six and twenty years, in reading, writing and common arithmetic, who may stand in need of such instruction, and apply therefor.

Sect. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be the duty of the Town-Council of every town, to divide said town into so many school districts, as they shall judge necessary and convenient.

Sect. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That each of the towns of Newport and Providence, shall cause to be established and kept, every year, so many free schools, and for such terms of time, as shall be equivalent to keeping three such schools eight months each: That each of the towns of South-Kingstown, Glocester and Smithfield, shall cause to be established and kept, every year, so many free schools as shall be equivalent to keeping three such schools six months each: That each of the towns of Portsmouth, Tiverton, Little-Compton, Scituate, Cumberland, Cranston, Johnston, Foster, Westerly, North-Kingstown, Charlestown, Exeter, Richmond, Hopkinton, Bristol, Warwick, East-Greenwich, West-Greenwich and Coventry, shall cause to be established and kept, in every year, so many free schools as shall be equivalent to keeping three such schools four months each; and that the towns of Middletown, Jamestown, New-Shoreham, North-Providence, Warren and Barrington, shall cause to be established and kept, in every year, so many free schools as shall be equivalent to keeping one such school four months.

Sect. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That for the encouragement of institutions so useful, there shall be allowed and paid to the Town-Treasurer of each town, or his order, out of the General-Treasury, at the end of every year, computing from the first Wednesday of May next, twenty per cent. of the amount of the State taxes of the preceding year, paid into the General-Treasury by said town; provided the said sum or allowance of twenty per cent. shall not exceed, in the whole, the sum of six thousand dollars in any one year. And the town making application to the General-Treasurer for said allowance, shall exhibit and deliver to him a certificate, signed by the Town-Council, Town-Treasurer, and schoolmaster or schoolmasters of such town, that a school or schools have been established and kept in said town, according to the provisions of this act, and specifying the number of schools, and the term of time for which each school shall have been kept.

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Sect. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That if any town shall neglect or refuse to establish and keep free schools, in the manner prescribed in this act, such town shall forfeit all right or claim to the allowance aforesaid, for the year in which such neglect or refusal shall happen, and the said forfeited allowances shall make and constitute a part of the unappropriated monies in the General-Treasury; and that all certificates for obtaining said allowances shall be presented to the General-Treasurer, within six months after the expiration of the year within which the said allowances shall have become due, or the same shall be forfeited, as last aforesaid.

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Congress

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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
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Here, after a prayer by the Rev. Doctor Rogers, an Oration was delivered at the appointment of the Cincinnati, by Major W. Jackson, a member of that society.

A pertinent Oration, was very eloquently pronounced in the afternoon, before the *Washington Society*, (a juvenile association) by Master Jonathan Meredith, jun.

Major Jackson's oration occupied an hour and twenty minutes in the delivery. The President of the United States, the Vice-President, Members of the Senate, and Members of the House of Representatives; His Excellency Robert Liston, Esq; Minister Plenipotentiary of His Britannic Majesty, and several other gentlemen of the Diplomatic Corps, honored the occasion with their presence.

A very numerous audience testified the most lively evidences of admiration and ap-

plause. We do not profeſs to be competent judges on ſuch a queſtion, but an higher and more eſtimable tribute has not been paid by the general voice. Gentlemen of the firſt attainments in ſcience, concur in deciding this oration to be unrivalled in chaſteneſs and elegance of compoſition, as in propriety, beauty, force and harmony of language.

February 25.

This morning between 12 and 1 o'clock a fire broke out in a brewerery, ſituated in Brewer's ally, in the Northern Liberties.—The building in which it originated was entirely conſumed, and ſeveral adjoining houſes conſiderably injured. We are ſorry to add, that one active individual was cruſhed to death by the fall of a ſtack of chimnies.

March 1.

The following is an Extract from the Manuſcript copy of Major Jackſon's Oration.

"AT the approach of peace an occaſion aroſe, in which the beſt faculties of his ſuperior mind were ſummoned to their utmoſt exertion—and in which the feelings of his heart 'were to meet in ſtrong colliſion with the dictates of his judgment, and a paramount ſenſe of public duty.

"That army, by whoſe unſhaken fidelity and invincble fortitude, the glory and fortunes of America had been upheld in all the viciſſitudes of the war, was on the eve of diſperſion. Thoſe faithful comrades in honor and misfortune were to ſeparate forever, under the moſt afflicting circumſtances of individual adverſity. To their country they had ſecured the bleſſings of peace, and the boon of independence; and to every claſs of their fellow-citizens a full participation in thoſe bleſſings, enhanced by the enjoyment of that property, which, in their protected avocations, they had been enabled to preſerve or to acquire. To the diſbanded veteran in the decline of life, was opened the cheerleſs proſpect of extreme penury, aggravated in many inſtances, by wounds and inability to labor. His honor and his arms, the inſtruments of his glory, were all that he poſſeſſed. Maimed, and diſfigured by honorable ſcars, he was become a ſtranger in the place of his nativity—and he was no longer remembered by the companions of his early years. His long-left home was in the occupancy of another, and his further abode was only certain to be wretched. While oppreſſed by theſe ſenſations, and aſſailed by the angry paſſions, which their ſituation excited, the army were invited, by every conſideration, which the moſt ſeductive perſuaſion could ſuggeſt, to redreſs their wrongs and reſent the alledged ingratitude of their country.

"Argument and eloquence were exhauſted to effect the adoption of this fatal advice. To counteract the dangerous meaſure—to preſerve inviolate the honor of his troops, and the ſafety of his country, the wiſdom and firmneſs of the virtuous Waſhington were immediately interpoſed.

"With his heart wrung by the ſufferings of the army; with his mind deeply affected by the counſel, whioh had been offered to remedy their grievances; conſcious of their merits, and no leſs ſenſible to the inability of the country to fulfil its ſtipulations, he convened his officers, and preſenting himſelf as mediator between the diſtreſſes of the troops, and the public incapacity, at that time, to relieve them. He addreſſed himſelf to their judgment, their honor, and their patriotiſm.

"His opinions, framed on the irreſiſtable concluſions of truth, and urged with all the force of reaſon and ſentiment, were inſtantly adopted, and the ſublime ſpectacle was exhibited of an army, victorious over its enemy, victorious over itſelf."

NEW-YORK Feb. 24.

Laſt Saturday was devoted by this city, according to the proclamation of the Preſident, to the ſolemn recollections and funeral orations in honor of our beloved *WASHINGTON*.——General Hamilton at the head of the Cincinnati, and followed by the Corporation of the city and other public bodies, attended in the morning at the Dutch Church, when Dr. Linn, who had been previouſly appointed, delivered an Eulogium—which for felicity of conception—for fire of imagination—for energy of diction, and for eloquence, will long be remembered. His ſelection of circumſtances was ſo judicious—his metaphors ſo bold and original—his geſture ſo appropriate and forcible—and his voice, countenance and manner ſo impaſſioned, that a crowded and reſpectable auditory, were now elevated by his ſublimity—now tranſported by his enthuſiaſm, and now melted by his pathos.—With what patriotic pride did every American liſten to the praiſes which the orator beſtowed on the hero of Monongahela, and the farmer of Potowmac. The ſplendours of ancient and modern names faded away before the ſuperior brightneſs of the Sun of American glory. His auguſt image towered above all former greatneſs—and even royalty itſelf, ſunk beneath the majeſty of his virtues. The eloquence of this oration, was attended with its natural effects.—Not an eye could be ſeen, that was not moiſtened with the big tear of grateful admiration—not a heaving boſom that did not breathe forth its ardent vows to the Father of his Country. The ſpectacle was infinitely intereſting—a numerous aſſembly, embalming with their tears the memory of the Founder of their Empire, and the foul ſtain of the ingratitude of republics, in one moment—blotted out forever.

February 27.

This morning arrived the ſchooner Agnes, Capt. Melchor, three days from Peterſburg (Vir.) Off the Capes, ſpoke a ſhip, who informed that the United States frigate Conſtitution, was to the windward of them—had loſt all her maſts and bowſprit.——*Query*—May not this frigate be the Conſtellation? May not a favourable change in the weather have induced her to ſtand for ſome port in the United States to repair the damage ſuſtained in the late action? The circumſtance of her being in a ſhattered condition, juſtifies a ſurmiſe of the kind.

March 4.

Extract of a letter from Malaga, dated December 3, received in this city.

"Laſt poſt an order came from Madrid, informing, that in conſequence of the repeated remonſtrances of the Ambaſſadors of all neutral powers, and conſidering the eſtabliſhment of French Conſular Tribunals in the Spaniſh ports as an uſurped right, never having been recognized by this Court; his Catholic Majeſty inſtructs the Captain-Generals of the various diſtricts, to take cognizance of all prizes ſent by cruizers, of whatever nation they may be, into the ports of Spain, and the Conſuls ſhall only treat as ſimple agents in the ſame."

NEWPORT, *March* 11.

His Excellency Governor Trumbull, of Connecticut, has iſſued a Proclamation appointing Friday the 11th Day of April next, to be ſet apart and obſerved throughout that State as a Day of ſolemn Humiliation, Faſting and Prayer.

From the 1ſt Jan. 1799, to the 31ſt Dec. ſame Year, there have been exported from Norfolk to Europe, 20,367 Hogſheads of Tobacco.

DIED.]—At Windham (Con.) Mrs. *Huldah Dyer*, Conſort of the Hon. Eliphalet Dyer, and Daughter of the late Col. Jabez Bowen, of Providence, aged 74 Years.—The Virtues that adorn and dignity human Nature, ſhone conſpicuous in the Life and Character of this moſt excellent Lady.——Of her it may be juſtly ſaid, that ſhe was "given to Hoſpitality," and the Poor, who experienced her Bounty, will long mourn her Loſs. She bore a tedious and diſtreſſing Malady, with that Fortitude and Equanimity of Mind which true Religion only can inſpire; and when Death arrived, her Houſe was in Order; ſhe was ready. Peaceful and ſerene ſhe took her laſt Farewel of Mortality, and fled on the Wings of Love to that Paradiſe of Bliſs, where Joys immortal cluſter round the Throne of God, and Saints ſing everlaſting Alleluias to God and the Lamb.

—At Boſton, on Thurſday laſt, Mrs. *Eliza Pick*, late of the Boſton Theatre, aged 23.

—At Providence, Mrs. *Allen*, Widow of the late Mr. Joſeph Allen, of this Town.

NEWPORT INSURANCE COMPANY's
MARINE LIST.

March 6.

Arrived from Havanna, Sloop Lydia, Arthur M. Potter, Maſter, of Providence. Sailed 16th Feb. in Company with a Fleet of 20 Sail, under Convoy of the United States Ship Warren and Brig Norfolk; and Feb. 22 parted Schooner ——, Tripp, Lat. 27.—Schooner Jolly-Robin, of Providence and Brig Punch, of Briſtol, Ditto.—Brig ——, Barker, ſailed in Company: Spoke Ship Apollo, Moſes Adams, Maſter, from New-York, bound to Madeira—all well;—two Days out; in Lat. 39: 45, Long. 72.

March 11.—*Arrived Snow Mary, Edward Tayer, from the Havanna:—Sailed with the Fleet abovementioned—parted with the Schooner ——, Tripp, Maſter, in Lat. 25.*

Meteorological TABLE. Fahren. Therm. 1800.

MARCH.	Thermo. A. M. Deg.	Thermo. P. M. Deg.	Wind. A. M. 8	Wind. P. M. 2	Weather. A. M. 8	Weather. P. M. 2
4	28	37	SW.	Do.	Fair.	Do.
5	23	34½	NW.	Do.	Fair.	Do.
6	18	23½	N.	NW.	Cloudy.	Fair.
7	14	28	NW.	Do.	Fair.	Do.
8	25	34½	NW.	S.	Fair.	Do.
9	31	32	SE.	NE.	Snow.	Do.
10	27	40	NW.	SW.	Fair.	Do.

CUSTOM-HOUSE,
District of NEWPORT, March 10.

ENTERED, *From*

Schooner Curziah, Topham, Cape-Francois

CLEARED, *For*

Brig Induſtry, Huntington, Dublin
Sloop Eagle, Greene, Havanna
—— Lark, Burr, Africa
—— Weaſel, Allin, Norfolk

For Sale, by
JOHN G. WHITEHORNE,
At his DISTILLERY,
ANNISEED Spirits, per the Barrel—Half Ditto—or leſs Quantity.
ALSO,
40 Bolts of Ravens Duck, of a ſuperior Quality.
Newport, March 11, 1800.

TOBACCO.
KAIGHN & CAHOONE
HAVE FOR SALE,
10 Hogſheads *firſt Quality* Georgia Tobacco.
Manufactured Tobacco—ſuch as Pigtail, Negro-Head, Cut, Segars, Snuff, &c. very Cheap.
All Warranted to be good, and may be returned if they do not prove ſo.
☞ WANTED, immediately, Two APPRENTICES.
Newport, March 10, 1800.

To be Sold at PUBLIC AUCTION, on the Premiſes, on THURSDAY the 20th Inſt. or if foul Weather, the next fair Day, (if not diſpoſed of before that Time at private Sale)

About Thirty Acres of LAND, near Whitehall, in Middletown (on this Iſland) with a Dwelling-Houſe, and young Orchard thereon; the Land is good, and well watered.——Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe at private Sale, will pleaſe to apply to EDWARD SMITH, jun.
Middletown, March 10, 1800.

TO BE LET,
And entered the 25th of March, Inſtant,

Two FARMS, lying and being in the Town of Weſterly, both joining together, known by the Name of Babcock and Taylor Farms, joining on the Poſt-Road to New-London, and South on the Salt Water, together with the Beach and Marſhes.—For Terms apply to THOMAS FREEBODY.
Newport, March 11, 1800.

To be Sold, by
WILLIAM DOUGLASS,
A Quantity of HAY-SEED, of the laſt Year's Growth, and of the beſt Kind; ſuch as Clover, Herds, Red-Top and Borden Seeds.
Newport, March 11, 1800.

TO BE LET,
For the Term of One or more Years, or otherwiſe,
On WEDNESDAY next, at XI o'Clock.
By GARDNER & DEAN,
At their AUCTION-ROOM,
ALL that Tenement, Store, and Sail-Loft, on Gravelly-Point, contained in One Building, belonging to Mr. *E. WOODWARD*.——Conditions will be made known at the Auction.
Newport, March 6, 1800.

To be Sold at PUBLIC VENDUE,
On THURSDAY, 20th Day of March inſt. at 11 *o'Clock, A. M. if fair Weather (if not, the next fair Day) at the Houſe of JOHN WEEDEN, in Jamestown,*
A Number of Cows, Oxen, Sheep, and young Cattle.
WILLIAM BAFFEY, Vendue-Maſter.
Jamestown, 10th March, 1800.

THE Hon. Court of Probate for the Town of Newport having appointed the Subſcribers Commiſſioners, to receive and examine the Claims againſt the Eſtate of *AMOS REYNOLDS*, late of Newport, deceaſed, repreſented inſolvent; all Perſons having Claims againſt ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to exhibit them to either of us the Subſcribers within ſix Months from this Date, or they will be precluded, agreeably to Law.

ANTHONY DIXON, } *Commiſ-*
SAMUEL CARR, } *ſioners.*

Thoſe indebted to the above Eſtate are requeſted to make Payment to
HANNAH REYNOLDS, Adm'x.
Newport, March 3, 1800.

WE the Subſcribers being by the Hon. Court of Probate of the Town of Newport appointed Commiſſioners, to receive, examine and adjuſt, the Claims of the Creditors to the Eſtate of *CHRISTOPHER HOLLOWAY*, late of Newport, Houſewright, deceaſed, repreſented inſolvent; give Notice, that ſix Months from the Date hereof is given for the Creditors to bring in their Claims to either of us at our reſpective Dwellings, being the Time allowed by ſaid Court of Probate.

ROBERT DUNBAR, } *Commiſſioners.*
CLARKE BLISS, }

And all Perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate, are required to make immediate Payment to
EUNICE HOLLOWAY, } *Executrix.*
Newport, March 3, 1800.

BARRINGTON MEETING-HOUSE
LOTTERY.

THE Honorable GENERAL ASSEMBLY of the State of *Rhode-Iſland*, &c. at their Seſſion in *January*, 1798, having granted to the *United Congregational Society*, in *Barrington*, the Privilege of raiſing, by Lottery, the Sum of *Three Thouſand Dollars*, for the Purpoſes of repairing their *Houſe of public religious Worſhip*, and for the further Eſtabliſhment of a *Goſpel Miniſtry*, in ſaid Society: The Subſcribers having been appointed Managers thereof, and given Bonds according to Law, preſent to the Public the following

SCHEME.

CLASS FIRST.

		Dollars.		*Dollars.*
1	Prize of	1000	is	1000
1		500		500
5	Prizes of	200	are	1000
10		100		1000
10		50		500
20		25		500
25		20		500
60		10		600
1225		4		4900
1357				10500
	To the Purpoſes of the Lottery,			1500
4000	*Tickets, at* 3 *Dollars, are*			12000

The Managers being ſenſible of the Impropriety of *long ſtanding* Lotteries, are determined to commence drawing of this, on the 20th of *May* next, and continue until it is completed.——A *LIST* of *PRIZES* will be publiſhed in the *Herald of the United States*, and the Prizes paid on Demand, except the *Seven higheſt*, which will be paid in *Thirty* Days after the Drawing is completed.

As the Object of this Lottery is for the Promotion of *Religion* and *Morality*, and *ſo ſhort* a Period fixed for drawing the ſame, the Managers hope for the Patronage of a generous Public, and a ſpeedy Sale of the Tickets.

JOSHUA BICKNALL, } *Managers.*
THOMAS ALLEN, }
Barrington, Jan. 20, 1800.

*** Tickets, in the above Lottery, may be had at the Book-Store of *WILLIAM R. WILDER*, in Thames-ſtreet, Newport.

Juſt Received, and for SALE, by
SUSAN FOWLER,
A large Supply of Kid, Morocco, and Cloth Shoes.
Newport, March 10, 1800.

For CHARLESTON, GEORGE-TOWN, *or any of the Southern States, and will ſail in all this Week,*

The SCHOONER
BETHIA,
BENJAMIN BUCK, Maſter; Now lying at Stevens's Wharf.——She is Burthen 375 Barrels; has good Accommodations, and is almoſt new.——For Freight or Paſſage apply to the Maſter on board.
Newport, March 10, 1800.

ALL Perſons having Demands againſt the Eſtate of *REBECCA GREENE*, late of North-Kingſtown, deceaſed, are deſired to bring them in for Settlement; and all thoſe indebted to ſaid Eſtate are requeſted to make Payment to
GEORGE NIGHTINGALE, Adminiſt.
Newport, March 10, 1800.

BENJAMIN HADWEN
Has juſt received, and has for Sale at his Store, in Thames-ſtreet, Corner of the Old Church-Lane,
A freſh Aſſortment of
FALL and WINTER GOODS.
Newport, 2d of 12th Month, 1799.

FOR SALE;
A HOUSE in Coddington-ſtreet.——Inquire of Mr. *STEPHEN CAHOONE*,—— or
NATHANIEL WALDRON.
Newport, Feb. 24, 1800.

TO BE SOLD,

THE Houſe, Garden and Meadow, of the Subſcriber, with a Lot and convenient Stable, &c. thereon; each Lot having a Well of good Water, all in front of Broad-ſtreet; the Situation pleaſant, airy, and healthy, commanding a large Proſpect of the Town and its Vicinity.——The above may be had ſeparately, or otherwiſe, as may beſt ſuit the Purchaſer.
JOB CHALONER.
Newport, 24, 2*d Mo.* 1800.
N. B. If the above Eſtate is not ſold in four or five Weeks, it will then be to let.

plause. We do not profess to be competent judges on such a question, but an higher and more estimable tribute has not been paid by the general voice. Gentlemen of the first attainments in science, concur in deciding this oration to be unrivalled in chasteness and elegance of composition, as in propriety, beauty, force and harmony of language.

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"Argument and eloquence were exhausted to effect the adoption of this fatal advice. To counteract the dangerous measure—to preserve inviolate the honor of his troops, and the safety of his country, the wisdom and firmness of the virtuous Washington were immediately interposed.

"With his heart wrung by the sufferings of the army; with his mind deeply affected by the counsel, whioh had been offered to remedy their grievances; conscious of their merits, and no less sensible to the inability of the country to fulfil its stipulations, he convened his officers, and presenting himself as mediator between the distresses of the troops, and the public incapacity, at that time, to relieve them. He addressed himself to their judgment, their honor, and their patriotism.

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DIED.]—At Windham (Con.) Mrs. *Huldah Dyer*, Consort of the Hon. Eliphalet Dyer, and Daughter of the late Col. Jabez Bowen, of Providence, aged 74 Years.—The Virtues that adorn and dignity human Nature, shone conspicuous in the Life and Character of this most excellent Lady.——Of her it may be justly said, that she was "given to Hospitality," and the Poor, who experienced her Bounty, will long mourn her Loss. She bore a tedious and distressing Malady, with that Fortitude and Equanimity of Mind which true Religion only can inspire; and when Death arrived, her House was in Order; she was ready. Peaceful and serene she took her last Farewel of Mortality, and fled on the Wings of Love to that Paradise of Bliss, where Joys immortal cluster round the Throne of God, and Saints sing everlasting Alleluias to God and the Lamb.

—At Boston, on Thursday last, Mrs. *Eliza Fick*, late of the Boston Theatre, aged 23.

—At Providence, Mrs. *Allen*, Widow of the late Mr. Joseph Allen, of this Town.

NEWPORT INSURANCE COMPANY's
MARINE LIST.

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7	14	28	NW.	Do.	Fair.	Do.
8	26	34½	NW.	S.	Fair.	Do.
9	31	32	SE.	NE.	Snow.	Do.
10	27	40	NW.	SW.	Fair.	Do.

CUSTOM-HOUSE,

District of NEWPORT, March 10.

ENTERED,	*From*
Schooner Curziah, Topham,	Cape-Francois
CLEARED,	*For*
Brig Industry, Huntington,	Dublin
Sloop Eagle, Greene,	Havanna
—— Lark, Burr,	Africa
—— Weasel, Allin,	Norfolk

For Sale, by
JOHN G. WHITEHORNE,
At his DISTILLERY,
ANNISEED Spirits, per the Barrel—Half Ditto—or less Quantity.
ALSO,
40 Bolts of Ravens Duck, of a superior Quality.
Newport, March 11, 1800.

TOBACCO.

KAIGHN & CAHOONE
HAVE FOR SALE,
10 Hogsheads *first Quality* Georgia Tobacco.
Manufactured Tobacco—such as Pigtail, Negro-Head, Cut, Segars, Snuff, &c. very Cheap.
All Warranted to be good, and may be returned if they do not prove so.
☞ WANTED, immediately, Two APPRENTICES.
Newport, March 10, 1800.

To be Sold at PUBLIC AUCTION, on the Premises, on THURSDAY the 20th Inst. or if foul Weather, the next fair Day, (if not disposed of before that Time at private Sale)

About Thirty Acres of LAND, near Whitehall, in Middletown (on this Island) with a Dwelling-House, and young Orchard thereon; the Land is good, and well watered.——Any Person inclining to purchase at private Sale, will please to apply to EDWARD SMITH, jun.
Middletown, March 10, 1800.

TO BE LET,
And entered the 25th of March, Instant,

Two FARMS, lying and being in the Town of Westerly, both joining together, known by the Name of Babcock and Taylor Farms, joining on the Post-Road to New-London, and South on the Salt Water, together with the Beach and Marshes.—For Terms apply to THOMAS FREEBODY.
Newport, March 11, 1800.

To be Sold, by
WILLIAM DOUGLASS,
A Quantity of HAY-SEED,
of the last Year's Growth, and of the best Kind; such as Clover, Herds, Red-Top and Borden Seeds.
Newport, March 11, 1800.

TO BE LET,
For the Term of One or more Years, or otherwise,
On WEDNESDAY next, at XI o'Clock.
By GARDNER & DEAN,
At their AUCTION-ROOM,
ALL that Tenement, Store, and Sail-Loft, on Gravelly-Point, contained in One Building, belonging to Mr. *E. WOODWARD*.——Conditions will be made known at the Auction.
Newport, March 6, 1800.

To be Sold at PUBLIC VENDUE,
On THURSDAY, 20th Day of March inst. at 11 *o'Clock, A. M. if fair Weather (if not, the next fair Day) at the House of JOHN WEEDEN, in Jamestown,*
A Number of Cows, Oxen, Sheep, and young Cattle.
WILLIAM BAFFEY, Vendue-Master.
Jamestown, 10th March, 1800.

THE Hon. Court of Probate for the Town of Newport having appointed the Subscribers Commissioners, to receive and examine the Claims against the Estate of *AMOS REYNOLDS*, late of Newport, deceased, represented insolvent; all Persons having Claims against said Estate, are desired to exhibit them to either of us the Subscribers within six Months from this Date, or they will be precluded, agreeably to Law.
ANTHONY DIXON, } *Commis-*
SAMUEL CARR, } *sioners.*
Those indebted to the above Estate are requested to make Payment to
HANNAH REYNOLDS, Adm'x.
Newport, March 3, 1800.

WE the Subscribers being by the Hon. Court of Probate of the Town of Newport appointed Commissioners, to receive, examine and adjust, the Claims of the Creditors to the Estate of *CHRISTOPHER HOLLOWAY*, late of Newport, Housewright, deceased, represented insolvent; give Notice, that six Months from the Date hereof is given for the Creditors to bring in their Claims to either of us at our respective Dwellings, being the Time allowed by said Court of Probate.
ROBERT DUNBAR, } *Commissioners.*
CLARKE BLISS, }
And all Persons indebted to said Estate, are required to make immediate Payment to
EUNICE HOLLOWAY, } *Executrix.*
Newport, March 3, 1800.

BARRINGTON MEETING-HOUSE
LOTTERY.

THE Honorable GENERAL ASSEMBLY of the State of *Rhode-Island*, &c. at their Session in *January*, 1798, having granted to the *United Congregational Society*, in *Barrington*, the Privilege of raising, by Lottery, the Sum of *Three Thousand Dollars*, for the Purposes of repairing their *House of public religious Worship*, and for the further Establishment of a *Gospel Ministry*, in said Society: The Subscribers having been appointed Managers thereof, and given Bonds according to Law, present to the Public the following

SCHEME.

CLASS FIRST.

		Dollars.		*Dollars.*
1	Prize of	1000	is	1000
1		500		500
5	Prizes of	200	are	1000
10		100		1000
10		50		500
20		25		500
25		20		500
60		10		600
1225		4		4900
1357				10500
	To the Purposes of the Lottery,			1500
4000	*Tickets, at* 3 *Dollars, are*			12000

The Managers being sensible of the Impropriety of *long standing* Lotteries, are determined to commence drawing of this, on the 20th of *May* next, and continue until it is completed.——A *List* of *PRIZES* will be published in the *Herald of the United States*, and the Prizes paid on Demand, except the *Seven highest*, which will be paid in *Thirty* Days after the Drawing is completed.

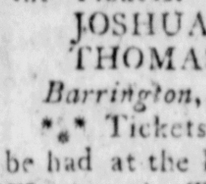
As the Object of this Lottery is for the Promotion of *Religion* and *Morality*, and *so short* a Period fixed for drawing the same, the Managers hope for the Patronage of a generous Public, and a speedy Sale of the Tickets.

JOSHUA BICKNALL, } *Managers.*
THOMAS ALLEN, }
Barrington, Jan. 20, 1800.

*** Tickets, in the above Lottery, may be had at the Book-Store of *WILLIAM R. WILDER*, in Thames-street, Newport.

Just Received, and for SALE, by
SUSAN FOWLER,
A large Supply of Kid, Morocco, and Cloth Shoes.
Newport, March 10, 1800.

For CHARLESTON, GEORGE-TOWN, *or any of the Southern States, and will sail in all this Week,*



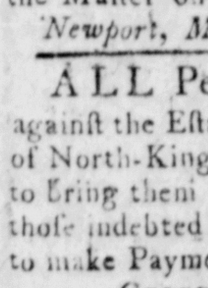
The SCHOONER
BETHIA,
BENJAMIN BUCK, Master;
Now lying at Stevens's Wharf.——She is Burthen 375 Barrels; has good Accommodations, and is almost new.——For Freight or Passage apply to the Master on board.
Newport, March 10, 1800.

ALL Persons having Demands against the Estate of *REBECCA GREENE*, late of North-Kingstown, deceased, are desired to bring them in for Settlement; and all those indebted to said Estate are requested to make Payment to
GEORGE NIGHTINGALE, Administ.
Newport, March 10, 1800.

BENJAMIN HADWEN
Has just received, and has for Sale at his Store, in Thames-street, Corner of the Old Church-Lane,
A fresh Assortment of
FALL and WINTER GOODS.
Newport, 2d of 12th Month, 1799.

FOR SALE,
A HOUSE in Coddington-street.——Inquire of Mr. *STEPHEN CAHOONE*,——or
NATHANIEL WALDRON.
Newport, Feb. 24, 1800.

TO BE SOLD,



THE House, Garden and Meadow, of the Subscriber, with a Lot and convenient Stable, &c. thereon; each Lot having a Well of good Water, all in front of Broad-street; the Situation pleasant, airy, and healthy, commanding a large Prospect of the Town and its Vicinity.——The above may be had separately, or otherwise, as may best suit the Purchaser.

JOB CHALONER.
Newport, 24, 2d Mo. 1800.
N. B. If the above Estate is not sold in four or five Weeks, it will then be to let.

FROM THE NORFOLK HERALD.

HAVING been favored with the following Soliloquy *from a worthy subscriber (who had neglected for three years to pay up his subscription to our paper) enclosing his arrears, we think an acknowledgment of a receipt of it cannot be made more public than by giving it a place in our paper, trusting that our delinquents will be eager to follow the example of his justice.*

"TO pay, or not to pay?" that's the question!
Shall the 13th of this month arrive,
And I to Willet and O'Connor remain a debtor?
Shall all the labours of these men be lost?
Shall all their efforts for the public good
Be thus rewarded? and I their hard-earn'd due
Keep safe in pocket?

To pay! aye, there's the rub; to feel the dollars
Sliding from the pouch, perhaps ne'er see them more.
What, *a Printer*! that he's in want of CASH:
To serve the public, that's enough for him:
What if his *devils starve*, where's the harm?
I'm not the only one in fault:
My pittance is but small account;
But yet, when *thought*, corroding thought,
Takes full possession of my brain,
And all the ills of my default come full upon me,
I look back, even on the *printer's imp*,
And say, poor devil, you shall not starve.
What! shall I be mean enough
To keep my fob well loaded with the current coin.
A part of which justice and honor
Demand that you should have?
No! I'll pay; I'll not remain a public debtor,
E'en if my corn a shilling less doth yield,
What will the loss in a few barrels be?
Much perhaps to them, but naught to me.

What if, to keep the *types* still going,
One of the firm should take the rounds,
(As I learn e'er short he will)
To make collection of their great arrears!
Shall I, with visage careless of the claim,
Send him away as empty as he came?
No! justice directs my hand to where the dollars are,
And I full retribution make for all their labours.
No! he shall not give me one fruitless call;
He shall not as a *dun* approach my door:
I'll send them what I know their due.
This *bill* shall satisfy them: I'll now enclose it.
There, go! I freely part with you:
You'll relieve my mind of the toilsome load,
The debt of honor and of justice.

Isle of Wight, 3d Feb. 1800.

Lately imported from Canton, in the Ship Semiramis, Capt. SMITH, and for Sale,

By *THOMAS HANDY*,

Fresh TEAS of the first Qualities, viz.

GUNPOWDER,
HYSON,
SOUCHONG—and
BOHEA.

Also, at his Refinery, at the South-End of Thames-street, single and double-refined SUGAR.

Newport, 8th October, 1799.

Doctor K I N G's

MOST respectful Compliments to the Inhabitants of Newport, and its Vicinity—takes this Method to offer his Services, in the Practice of PHYSIC and SURGERY:——In which Practice he has received a *regular* Education.—Credentials of which he is ready to produce, to those who will do him the Honour to call on him, at Mrs. COTTRELL's.

If the most ready Attention, joined with a sincere Wish to be useful to his Fellow-Citizens, have any Claim to Success, he flatters himself he shall not be unsuccessful in his Endeavours to serve them.

He likewise informs, that he has just received a Supply of MEDICINE, genuine and of the latest Importation, which he will sell on as reasonable Terms, as can be purchased in this State.—Apply at Mrs. Cottrell's Shop.

December 30, 1799.

SHEFFIELD ATTWOOD
Has for Sale,
Two Hundred Barrels of Monhaden; and
150 Barrels of Herrings.
Also
A small Schooner; about 22 Tons—She is well found.
Newport, Feb. 25, 1800.

SUSAN FOWLER
Has for Sale, the following Articles,
A VERY handsome Assortment of Paper Hangings, with Borders; Maps; Perspective Glasses; Trunks; Wrapping and Writing Paper; some Hardware; best London Pewter; a new Supply of Crockery Ware; some Glass Ditto; Excellent Hyson, Soushong, and Bohea Teas; Coffee, Chocolate; Flour; Brown and White Sugar; Indigo; Bloom Raisins; Cask Ditto; Figs; Currants; Starch per Bundle, or single Pound; Cinnamon; Cloves; Nutmegs.
——Also a great Variety of other Articles, too tedious to enumerate; all which Articles are to be had very cheap.
Newport, Feb. 10, 1800.

ROBERT LAWTON
Respectfully informs his old Customers, his Friends, and the Public, that he has just received, and has for Sale, at his Store in Thames-street, Three Doors below the Post-Office,
AN elegant Variety of fashionable GOODS, adapted to the approaching Season;—which are, in Addition to his former beautiful Assortment of Satins, India Lutestrings, Modes, Calicoes, Chintzes, Linens, Ladies Hats, &c. &c.
All which Goods will be sold at a very low Advance.
Those who will please to call at his Store, he flatters himself, will not be disappointed in the Quality of his Goods, the Prices of them, or the Treatment they will receive.
Newport, Nov. 26, 1799.

FOR SALE,

THE House and Wharf, with the Stores, Stables, and other Buildings belonging thereto, now in the Occupation of Mrs. Malbone.—For further Particulars apply to THOMAS TOWNSEND, who is empowered to dispose of the same.
Newport, 17th Feb. 1800.

To be SOLD, by
WILLIAM LANGLEY,
At his Shop in Thames-street,
A general Assortment of Joiner's and Carpenter's PLANES, &c. made by JOSHUA WILBOUR, late of this Town:—A constant Supply of which he proposes to keep.
Newport, Dec. 10, 1799.

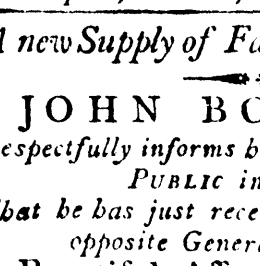
GOULD & JOHN MARSH
Have for Sale, at their SOAP & CANDLE Manufactory, on the Wharf next South of the Post-Office,
Mould and Dipt CANDLES, Soft and Hard SOAP (equal in Quality to New-York) Wholesale and Retail.
Cash given for TALLOW, GREASE, & ASHES.
☞ They take in Tallow, to dip into Candles, at 3 Cents per lb. with good Cotton Wick, and deliver Pound for Pound.
Newport, Feb. 10, 1800.

A new Supply of Fall & Winter Goods.

JOHN BOURS, jun.
Respectfully informs his FRIENDS, and the PUBLIC in general,
That he has just received, at his STORE, opposite General MARTIN's,
A Beautiful Assortment of the most fashionable DRY GOODS, which he is determined to sell very low.
Also, two Boxes of elegant TRUXTON HATS.
He returns his Thanks to his Customers, and requests a Continuance of their Favours.
Newport, Dec. 2, 1799.

GODFREY WENWOOD
Has for Sale,
NEW superfine and common Flour per Barrel—Middlings Ditto—Mistic Tile, per Dozen—and Blown Salt, per Bushel or less Quantity. Also.
A large Quantity of SHIP-BREAD, of an excellent Quality; and WHEAT BRAN, by the Bushel.
Newport, Feb. 18, 1800.

TO BE SOLD,



A FARM, lying in Exeter, One Mile to the Southward of the Ten Rod Road, and Six Miles from Wickford, containing One Hundred Acres; with a good Dwelling-House, Barn, Corn-Crib, and other Out Buildings:—Said Buildings all New, and in good Repair; considerably well-fenced with Stone-Wall; has a Quantity of young Wood; well proportioned with mowing and pasturing Land.——For Particulars inquire of *DANIEL TILLINGHAST*, on the Premises.
Exeter, Feb. 17, 1800.

JAMES TAYLOR & Co.
Inform the Public,
THAT they have resumed their *Business*, which has been for some Time suspended on account of the Sickness of two of the concerned.
They offer for Sale, a large Assortment of fresh and genuine
DRUGS and MEDICINES.
Orders from the *Country* executed at Wholesale Prices, and the Town Retail Business attended to with the utmost Caution and Fidelity.
MEDICINE CHESTS for the East and West-Indies, and Africa, with ample and suitable Directions supplied at short Notice, at reduced Prices.
Dye Stuffs, Painters Colours, &c. &c. as usual.
Newport, January 1, 1800.

HENRY G. CHAMPLIN
Informs the Public, and his Friends and Customers in general, that he has just received,
A new Supply of GOODS,—suitable for the present Season, well assorted, by Wholesale and Retail, cheap for Cash, in Thames-street, opposite Mr. Robert Stevens's.

C. FOWLER & Comp.
HAVE FOR SALE,
A fresh Supply of *Baltimore, Alexandria* and *New-York*,
FLOUR,
per Quantity, single Barrel, or Half Barrel.
ALSO,
A general Assortment of GROCERIES, as usual.
Newport, Feb. 17, 1800.

JOHN BOURS,
At the Sign of the GOLDEN EAGLE,
INVITES his Friends, old Customers and others, to his Shop, where a very handsome Assortment of GOODS, suitable for the Season, just imported, will be found, upon as low Terms, for Cash, as at any Store in the State.
AMONG WHICH ARE,
A Variety of superfine broad Cloths of the most fashionable Colours—and Gentlemen's best Beaver Hats, of the newest Taste.
Newport, December 30, 1799.

TAKEN UP, adrift,—in the Sogconnet Passage—a CEDAR BOAT.——The Owner proving his Property, paying for taking up, as well as this Advertisement, may receive it again, by applying to PELEG PECKHAM, of Middletown.
February 25, 1800.

HENRY G. CHAMPLIN
Has for Sale,
PORK by the Barrel; Salt-Petre'd Hams of the first Quality; good Cod-Fish by the Quantity; Hog's Lard, &c.
Newport, Feb. 18, 1800.

FOR SALE,
A Lot of Land, near the Duck Manufactory——with a small Dwelling-House thereon.—Inquire of the Printer.
December 10, 1799.

To be Sold, by
SHEFFIELD ATTWOOD,
BROKER,
20 Hogsheads New-England Rum, from 95 to 100 Gallons.
20 Hogsheads Molasses, good for Retailing.
10 Boxes good Brown Sugar.
20 Hogsheads West-India Rum.
100 Barrels Mess Beef.
100 Barrels Mess Pork.
100 Barrels Prime Pork.
He has also to sell, sundry Dwelling-Houses, in different Parts of this Town.
He has also 4000 Weight good CABIN BREAD on Hand for Sale, cheap for Cash.
N. B. He gives the highest Price for old Gold and Silver.
Newport, 13th January, 1800.

JOHN BAKER
Has for Sale at his STORE, on Banister's Wharf,
A General Assortment of GROCERIES, of the first Quality.
Captains of Vessels and others supplied with SEA-STORES, on the shortest Notice.
Those who will please to favour him with their Custom, may rely upon supplying themselves with any Article in his Line, of as good a Quality, and at as reasonable a Rate, as at any Store in Newport.
He returns his sincere Thanks to his Customers and the Public for past, and solicits future Favours.
Newport, April 29, 1799.

GIBBS & CHANNING
HAVE FOR SALE,
ST. Petersburgh clean Hemp, Russia and Ravens Duck, first Quality—Cordage and Cables of all Dimensions—Russia and Swedes Iron, flat and square.
BY THE PACKAGE.
Sheetings; Platilles Royales; Brittanias; Rouens; Silesias; Creas-a la-Morlaix; Stripes and Checks; Dowlas; Oznabrigs; Ticklenburghs; Sailors blue and white Linen; Bedticking; Linen for fine Shirts; Diaper; Hessian and brown Rolls; Linen for Bags; blue Broadcloths; German Flannels and Serges; Stationary, and Glass Ware, calculated for the West-India Market, and intitled to Drawback on Exportation.
New-England Rum by the Hogshead or Cargo, on short Notice; Molasses, per Hogshead; Holland Gin, per Pipe; 6 by 8, and 7 by 9, Window Glass; superfine and fine Flour; Salt by the Quantity; Lead by the Ton.
Newport, Dec. 6, 1799.

CHRISTOPHER CHAMPLIN
HAS FOR SALE,
St Petersburg Clean Hemp,
Swedes Iron,
Souchong Tea, per Chest,
And Molasses, per Hogshead.
Newport, Sept. 24th, 1799.

SIMEON MARTIN
Has for Sale, for Cash, or on a reasonable Credit, with approved Notes, payable at the Bank of Rhode-Island,
GOOD Retailing Molasses per Hogshead; Old 3d Proof Windward-Island Rum; New-England Rum per Hogshead or Barrel; 100 Barrels of Herrings; 400 Quintals of Cod-Fish; Spermaceti Candles per Box; Rock Salt per Bushel; Hemp per Ton; Swede's Iron, flat and square Bars, per Dozen or Hundred; Souchong Tea per Chest; Bohea Tea per Ditto or Dozen; Russia and Ravens Duck.
Linens; Diapers; Checks; small and large Table-Cloths, per Piece.
Newport, Feb. 18, 1800.

STONE WALL.

Any Person willing to contract for building *by the Rod*, about 1 or 200 Rods of lawful Wall (on this Farm) may hear of Employment by applying to the Subscriber.
They will have the Stones to dig out of a Quarry (literally above Ground) and to cart the same to the spot—the Work to be finished during the Course of the present Summer.
S. ELAM.
Portsmouth, 1st Feb. 1800.
N. B. If the Persons who may be Employed, give Satisfaction, and think it an Object to engage further, it is very probable they will have Work during the whole Season.

To FARMERS.

Wanted a sober, industrious Man, of good Character, who understands the farming Business and the Care of Cattle, to have the Management (under myself) of the Farm I live upon.—Any Person of this Description, willing to engage themselves by the Month or Year, may hear of Employment, by applying to
S. ELAM.
Portsmouth, 1st Feb. 1800.

Linseed-Oil & Painter's Colours.

JAMES CAHOONE & SON,
HAVE FOR SALE,
LINSEED-OIL, boil'd or unboil'd.
Best London White Lead.
Spanish Brown.
Whiting, Venetian Red, India Ditto.
Stone and Spruce Yellow.
Red Lead, Patent Yellow.
Verdigrease, Prussian Blue.
Gold & Silver Leaf.
Litharge, White Vitrol.
Painter's Brushes & Tools.
Scrubbing & Tar Brushes.
Camel's Hair Pencils.
Spirits of Turpentine.
Bright Varnish.
Black Ditto.
Window Glass & Putty.
Any of the above Paints, ground in Oil, or dry, properly prepared.
By sending the Dimensions of a House, Room, Vessel, &c. &c. their distant Customers may be supplied with a sufficient Quantity of Colours for any Work, at the shortest Notice, with Directions to use them.
Newport, May 24, 1799.

FROM THE NORFOLK HERALD.

HAVING been favored with the following Soliloquy *from a worthy subscriber (who had neglected for three years to pay up his subscription to our paper) enclosing his arrears, we think an acknowledgment of a receipt of it cannot be made more public than by giving it a place in our paper, trusting that our delinquents will be eager to follow the example of his justice.*

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Respectfully informs his FRIENDS, and the PUBLIC in general,

That he has just received, at his STORE, opposite General MARTIN's,

A Beautiful Assortment of the most fashionable DRY GOODS, which he is determined to sell very low.

Also, two Boxes of elegant TRUXTON HATS.

He returns his Thanks to his Customers, and requests a Continuance of their Favours.

Newport, Dec. 2, 1799.

GODFREY WENWOOD

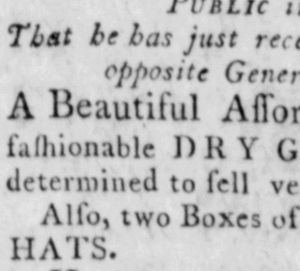
Has for Sale,

NEW superfine and common Flour per Barrel—Middlings Ditto—Mistic Tile, per Dozen—and Blown Salt, per Bushel or less Quantity. Also,

A large Quantity of SHIP-BREAD, of an excellent Quality; and WHEAT BRAN, by the Bushel.

Newport, Feb. 18. 1800.

TO BE SOLD,



A FARM, lying in Exeter, One Mile to the Southward of the Ten Rod Road, and Six Miles from Wickford, containing One Hundred Acres; with a good Dwelling-House, Barn, Corn-Crib, and other Out Buildings:—Said Buildings all New, and in good Repair; considerably well-fenced with Stone-Wall; has a Quantity of young Wood; well proportioned with mowing and pasturing Land.——For Particulars inquire of *DANIEL TILLINGHAST*, on the Premises.

Exeter, Feb. 17, 1800.

JAMES TAYLOR & Co.

Inform the Public,

THAT they have resumed their *Business*, which has been for some Time suspended on account of the Sickness of two of the concerned.

They offer for Sale, a large Assortment of fresh and genuine

DRUGS and MEDICINES.

Orders from the *Country* executed at Wholesale Prices, and the Town Retail Business attended to with the utmost Caution and Fidelity.

MEDICINE CHESTS for the East and West-Indies, and Africa, with ample and suitable Directions supplied at short Notice, at reduced Prices.

Dye Stuffs, Painters Colours, &c. &c. as usual.

Newport, January 1, 1800.

HENRY G. CHAMPLIN

Informs the Public, and his Friends and Customers in general, that he has just received,

A new Supply of GOODS,—suitable for the present Season, well assorted, by Wholesale and Retail, cheap for Cash, in Thames-street, opposite Mr. Robert Stevens's.

C. FOWLER & Comp.

HAVE FOR SALE,

A fresh Supply of *Baltimore*, *Alexandria* and *New-York*,

F L O U R,

per Quantity, single Barrel, or Half Barrel.

ALSO,

A general Assortment of GROCERIES, as usual.

Newport, Feb. 17, 1800.

JOHN BOURS,

At the Sign of the GOLDEN EAGLE,

INVITES his Friends, old Customers and others, to his Shop, where a very handsome Assortment of GOODS, suitable for the Season, just imported, will be found, upon as low Terms, for Cash, as at any Store in the State.

AMONG WHICH ARE,

A Variety of superfine broad Cloths of the most fashionable Colours—and Gentlemen's best Beaver Hats, of the newest Taste.

Newport, December 30, 1799.

TAKEN UP, adrift,—in the Sogconnet Passage—a CEDAR BOAT.——The Owner proving his Property, paying for taking up, as well as this Advertisement, may receive it again, by applying to PELEG PECKHAM, of Middletown.

February 25, 1800.

HENRY G. CHAMPLIN

Has for Sale,

PORK by the Barrel; Salt-Petre'd Hams of the first Quality; good Cod-Fish by the Quantity; Hog's Lard, &c.

Newport, Feb. 18, 1800.

FOR SALE,

A Lot of Land, near the Duck Manufactory——with a small Dwelling-House thereon.—Inquire of the Printer.

December 10, 1799.

To be Sold, by

SHEFFIELD ATTWOOD,

BROKER,

20 Hogsheads New-England Rum, from 95 to 100 Gallons.
20 Hogsheads Molasses, good for Retailing.
10 Boxes good Brown Sugar.
20 Hogsheads West-India Rum.
100 Barrels Mess Beef.
100 Barrels Mess Pork.
100 Barrels Prime Pork.

He has also to sell, sundry Dwelling-Houses, in different Parts of this Town.

He has also 4000 Weight good CABIN BREAD on Hand for Sale, cheap for Cash.

N. B. He gives the highest Price for old Gold and Silver.

Newport, 13th January, 1800.

JOHN BAKER

Has for Sale at his STORE, on Banister's Wharf,

A General Assortment of GROCERIES, of the first Quality.

Captains of Vessels and others supplied with SEA-STORES, on the shortest Notice.

Those who will please to favour him with their Custom, may rely upon supplying themselves with any Article in his Line, of as good a Quality, and at as reasonable a Rate, as at any Store in Newport.

He returns his sincere Thanks to his Customers and the Public for past, and solicits future Favours.

Newport, April 29, 1799.

GIBBS & CHANNING

HAVE FOR SALE,

ST. Petersburgh clean Hemp, Russia and Ravens Duck, first Quality—Cordage and Cables of all Dimensions—Russia and Swedes Iron, flat and square.

BY THE PACKAGE.

Sheetings; Platilles Royales; Brittanias; Rouens; Silesias; Creas-a la-Morlaix; Stripes and Checks; Dowlas; Oznabrigs; Ticklenburghs; Sailors blue and white Linen; Bedticking; Linen for fine Shirts; Diaper; Hessian and brown Rolls; Linen for Bags; blue Broadcloths; German Flannels and Serges; Stationary, and Glass Ware, calculated for the West-India Market, and intitled to Drawback on Exportation.

New-England Rum by the Hogshead or Cargo, on short Notice; Molasses, per Hogshead; Holland Gin, per Pipe; 6 by 8, and 7 by 9, Window Glass; superfine and fine Flour; Salt by the Quantity; Lead by the Ton.

Newport, Dec. 6, 1799.

CHRISTOPHER CHAMPLIN

HAS FOR SALE,

St Petersburg Clean Hemp,
Swedes Iron,
Souchong Tea, per Chest,
And Molasses, per Hogshead.

Newport, Sept. 24th, 1799.

SIMEON MARTIN

Has for Sale, for Cash, or on a reasonable Credit, with approved Notes, payable at the Bank of Rhode-Island,

GOOD Retailing Molasses per Hogshead; Old 3d Proof Windward-Island Rum; New-England Rum per Hogshead or Barrel; 100 Barrels of Herrings; 400 Quintals of Cod-Fish; Spermaceti Candles per Box; Rock Salt per Bushel; Hemp per Ton; Swede's Iron, flat and square Bars, per Dozen or Hundred; Souchong Tea per Chest; Bohea Tea per Ditto or Dozen; Russia and Ravens Duck.

Linens; Diapers; Checks; small and large Table-Cloths, per Piece.

Newport, Feb. 18, 1800.

STONE WALL.

Any Person willing to contract for building *by the Rod*, about 1 or 200 Rods of lawful Wall (on this Farm) may hear of Employment by applying to the Subscriber.

They will have the Stones to dig out of a Quarry (literally above Ground) and to cart the same to the spot—the Work to be finished during the Course of the present Summer.

S. ELAM.

Portsmouth, 1st Feb. 1800.

N. B. If the Persons who may be Employed, give Satisfaction, and think it an Object to engage further, it is very probable they will have Work during the whole Season.

To FARMERS.

Wanted a sober, industrious Man, of good Character, who understands the farming Business and the Care of Cattle, to have the Management (under myself) of the Farm I live upon.—Any Person of this Description, willing to engage themselves by the Month or Year, may hear of Employment, by applying to

S. ELAM.

Portsmouth, 1st Feb. 1800.

Linseed-Oil & Painter's Colours.

JAMES CAHOONE & SON,

HAVE FOR SALE,

LINSEED-OIL, boil'd or unboil'd.
Best London White Lead.
Spanish Brown.
Whiting, Venetian Red, India Ditto.
Stone and Spruce Yellow.
Red Lead, Patent Yellow.
Verdigrease, Prussian Blue.
Gold & Silver Leaf.
Letharge, White Vitrol.
Painter's Brushes & Tools.
Scrubbing & Tar Brushes.
Camel's Hair Pencils.
Spirits of Turpentine.
Bright Varnish.
Black Ditto.
Window Glass & Putty.

Any of the above Paints, ground in Oil, or dry, properly prepared.

By sending the Dimensions of a House, Room, Vessel, &c. &c. their distant Customers may be supplied with a sufficient Quantity of Colours for any Work, at the shortest Notice, with Directions to use them.

Newport, May 24, 1799.